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JRC Reference data from experiments of on-board hydrogen tanks fast filling

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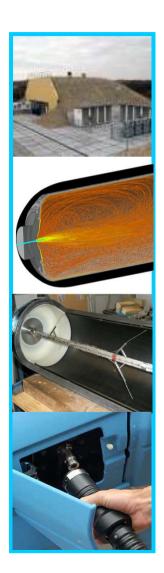
Joint Research Centre (JRC)
Institute for Energy and Transport - IET



Outline



- Introduction
- JRC GasTeF facility
- Description of the Experimental Results
 Database
- Examples of Results
- Conclusion
- References





Introduction



Regulations, codes and standards: compressed hydrogen storage system of a HFV

 European Regulation on type-approval of hydrogen vehicles (EC/79/2009 and EU/406/2010) UN-ECE Global Technical Regulation on hydrogen and fuel cell vehicles (2013)

Legally Binding
Alignment required

 ISO TS 15869 - Gaseous hydrogen and hydrogen blends - Land vehicle fuel tanks (2009)

- SAE J2579 Technical Information Report for Fuel Systems in Fuel Cell and Other Hydrogen Vehicles (2013)
- SAE J2601 Hydrogen Fueling Protocol (2013)



Tests in RCS



Performance requirements for hydrogen storage systems Verification tests for expected on-road performance

Typical tests for high pressure H2 storage

- ✓ Burst test
- √ Bonfire test
- ✓ Chemical exposure test
- ✓ Ambient temperature and extreme temperature pressure cycle test (hydraulic)

- ✓ Accelerated stress rupture test
- ✓ Impact damage test
- ✓ Leakage test
- √ Hydrogen gas cycle test
- ✓ Hydrogen permeation test
- Need of <u>harmonisation</u> for the <u>technical implementation</u> of test requirements and procedures
- Need of <u>scientific/technical data</u> to justify globally harmonized test requirements and procedures



JRC facility



- GasTeF = an EU reference laboratory for safety and performance assessment of high-pressure hydrogen (and natural gas) storage tanks
 - ➤ Cycling tests: >1000 cycles of fast filling (≤5') and slow empting (10'-60') @ 80 MPa
 - > Permeation measurements: tank is kept pressurised for 100-500 hours

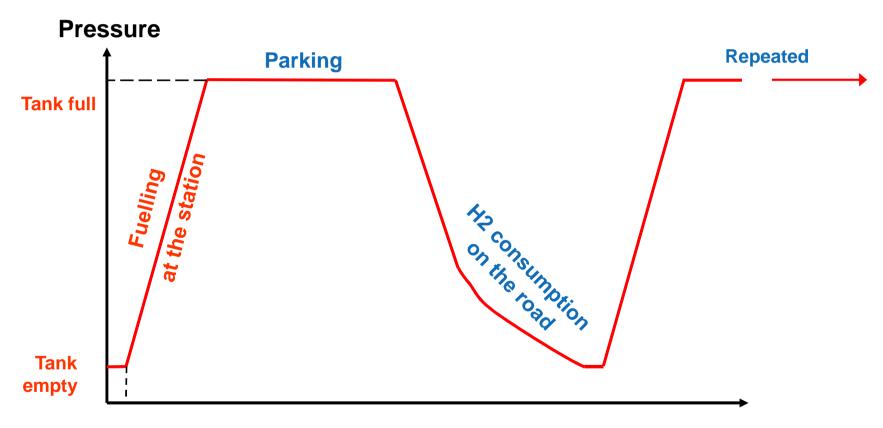








Simplified 'history' of a hydrogen tank



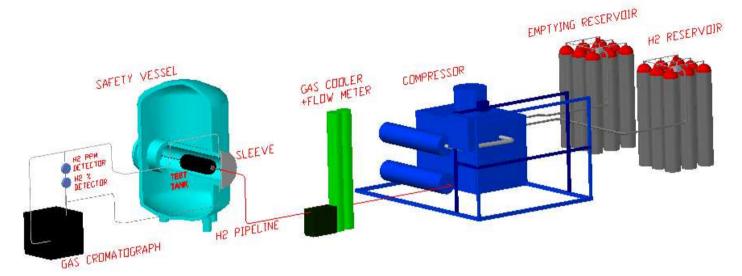
Time

Requires consideration also in fuelling RCS and protocols



GasTeF Functioning



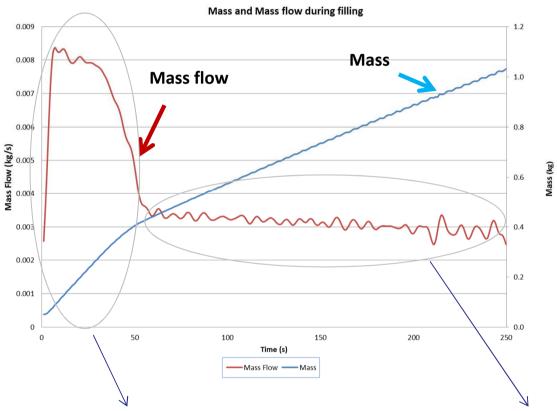


- GasTeF operation mode for tank fast filling is different than that of HRS:
 - > H₂ taken from a reservoir at 29 MPa
 - ➤ 1st phase of filling is gas flowing from reservoir to tank till equilibrium
 - \triangleright 2nd phase is pumping the H₂ into the tank using the compressor
 - > APRR regulated by the "compressor speed"
 - Semi-communication filling



GasTeF refueling approach



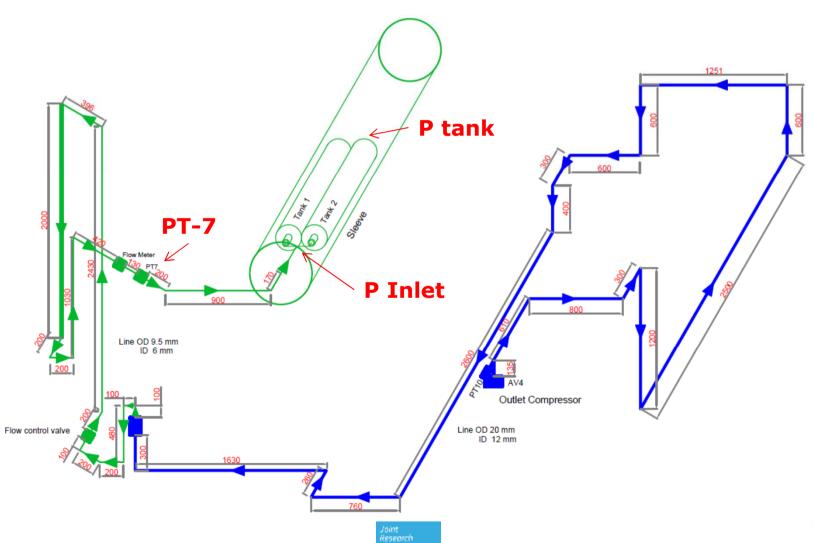


Two filling stages: (1) <u>Equilibration</u> with gas reservoir; (2) <u>compressor</u> pumping (visible effect of piston on tank pressure and mass flow signals).



H₂ Path

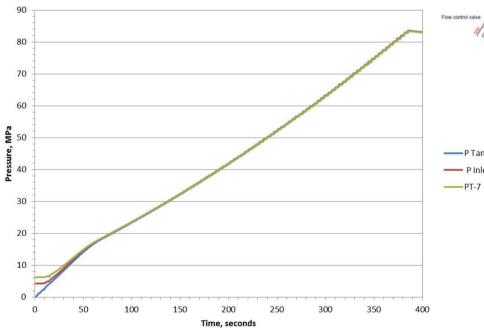


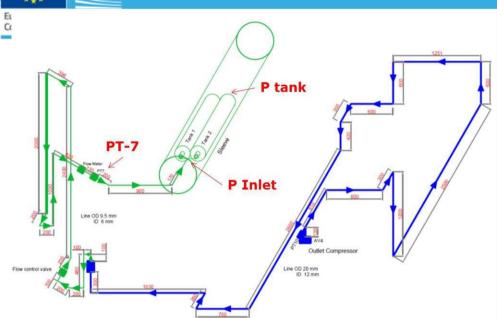


H₂ Path



Hydrogen pre-cooler based on liquid nitrogen immersion





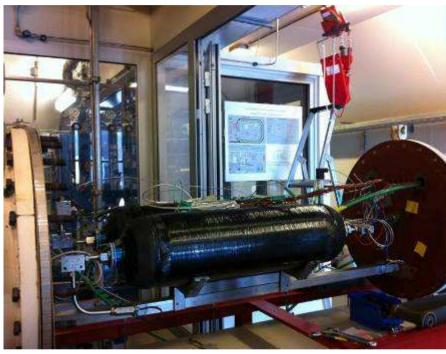


P Tank P Inlet

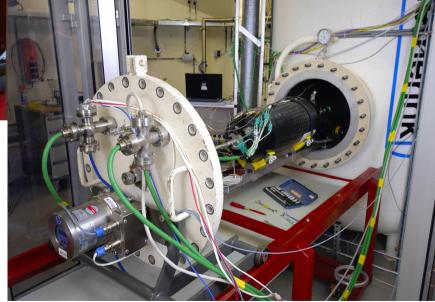
Experimental



Instrumentation



Tank internal and external instrumentation before start of the cycling





Temperature



measurement

Example of a type 4 tank with internal thermocouples array system



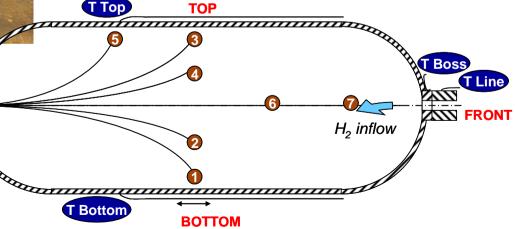


Internal: 1 mm type K

thermocouple

External: Resistance Temperature

Detector





REAR

Tested Tanks



| | Type 4 19 I | Type 4 29 I | Type 3 40 I |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Materials | | | 701 |
| Liner | HDPE | HDPE | AA |
| End Bosses | AA | SS | AA |
| Composite shell | CFRE | G&CFRE | CFRE |
| Vessel mass (Kg) | 18.3 | 32.9 | 41.5 |
| Storage volume (L) | | | |
| (at 700 bar) | 19 | 28.9 | 40 |
| H2 capacity (Kg) | | | |
| (with fill density of | 0.76 | 1.16 | 1.60 |
| 40.22 Kg/m3) | | | |
| Unpressurized | | | |
| dimensions (mm) | | | |
| External length | 904 | 827 | 920 |
| External diameter | 228 | 279 | 329 |
| Internal diameter | 180 | 230 | 290 |

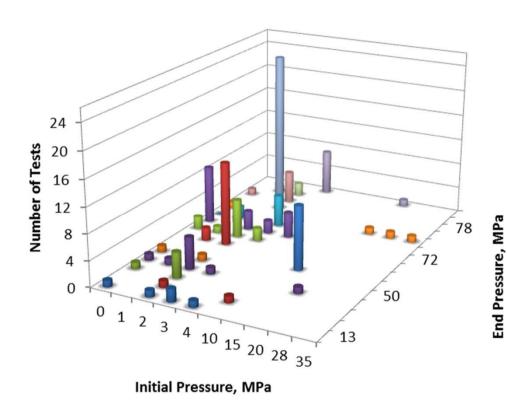
183 entries for filling tests in the database!



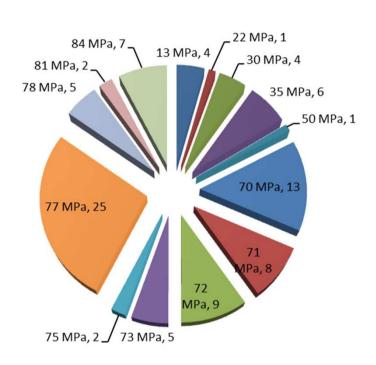
Tests on tanks



type 4



Matrix of Tests on Type 4 29 litres 133 fast filling tests



Filling Tests on Type 4 29l with initial pressure 2-4 MPa

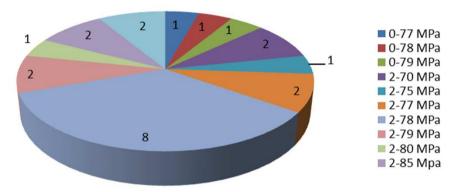


Tests on tanks



type 3

Tests on Type 3 H₂ @ ambient T



23 Filling tests on Type 3, 40 I

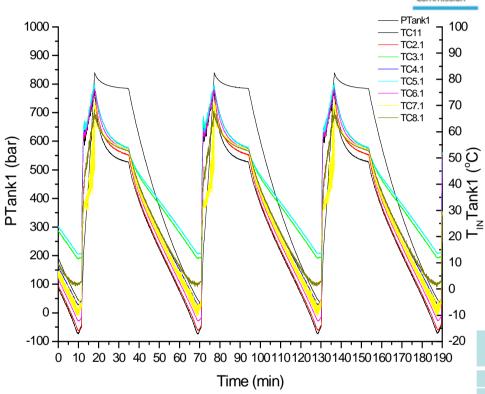
| FILLING CONDITION | APRR (MPa/min) | TANK INNER TEMPERATURE "ad initio" (°C) |
|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| 0-77 MPa | 9.2 | 22.9 |
| 0-78 MPa | 16.5 | 19.9 |
| 0-79 MPa | 33.8 | 17 |
| 2-70 MPa | 7.8 | 1.6 |
| 2-75 MPa | 4.3 | 1.8 & 4.5 |
| 2-77 MPa | 8.9 & 10 | 22.9 & 47 |
| 2-78 MPa | 5.5 - 18.6 | -0.6 - 18.3 |
| 2-79 MPa | 24.9 & 30.2 | 20 |
| 2-80 MPa | 30.7 | 4.5 |
| 2-85 MPa | 15.1 & 16.2 | -1.2 & -0.2 |
| 3-70 MPa | 6.5 & 8 | 3.6 & 1 |



Database



assessment



Filling-Holding-Emptying cycles Reproducibility

Results Repeatability
12 Filling Tests on Type 4 29l
2-76.9 MPa at 17.8 MPa/min



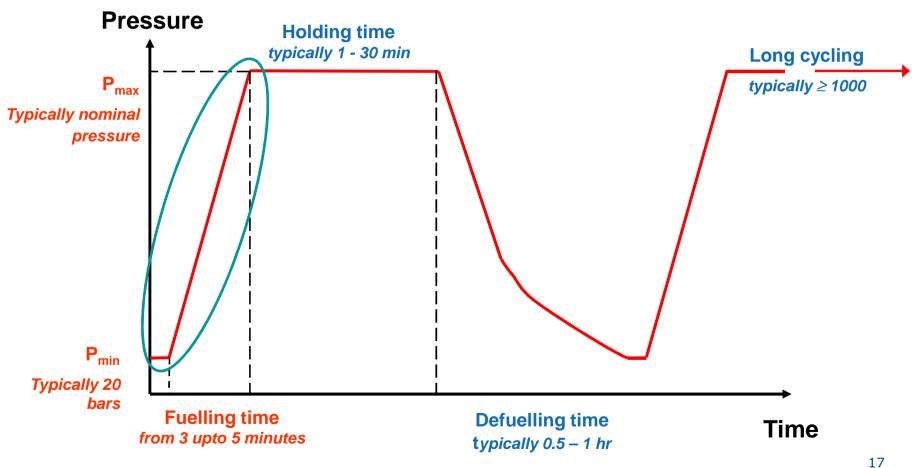
| | MEAN | STANDARD DEVIATION |
|----------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| Filling Time, (s) | 253 | 1.4 |
| Initial P, (MPa) | 1.99 | 0.36 |
| Final P, MPa | 76.89 | 0.91 |
| Tank averaged Initial T, (°C) | 11.2 | 3.7 |
| Tank averaged Final T, (°C) | 86.9 | 2.9 |
| Increase in temperature, (°C) | 75.6 | 0.9 |



Fast Filling Test



Typical RCS pneumatic (hydrogen) test parameters

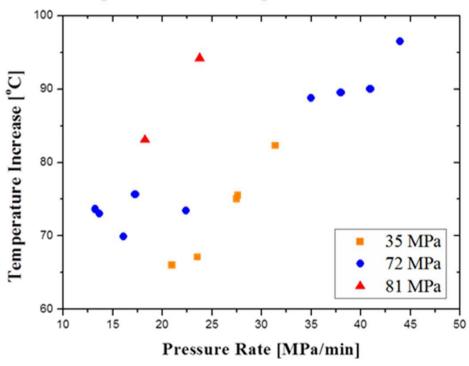


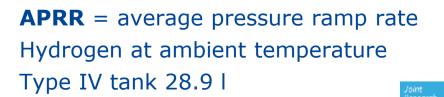


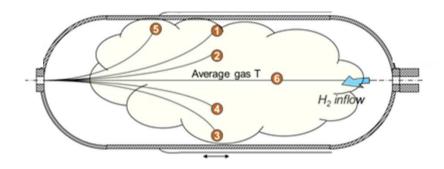
Example of results

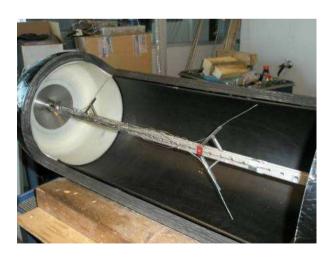


APRR effect on internal gas temperature increase is compounded by different other boundary conditions







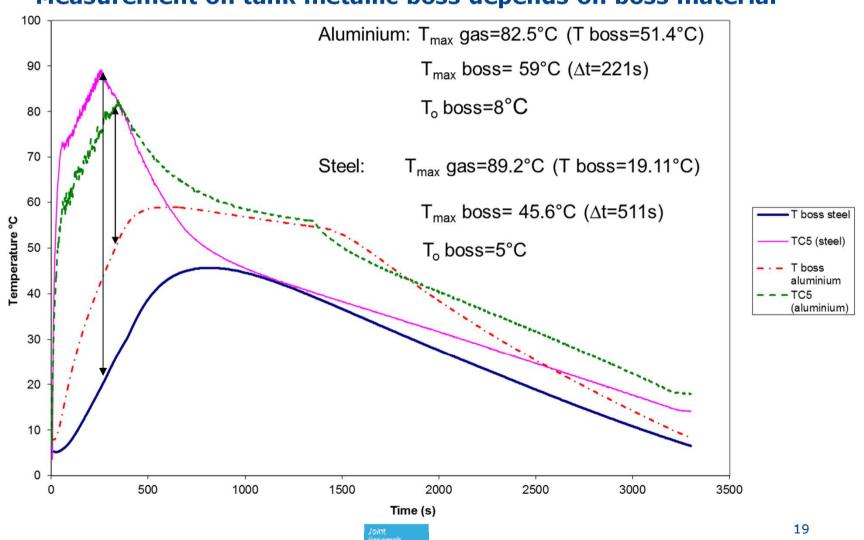


Measuring tank



temperature

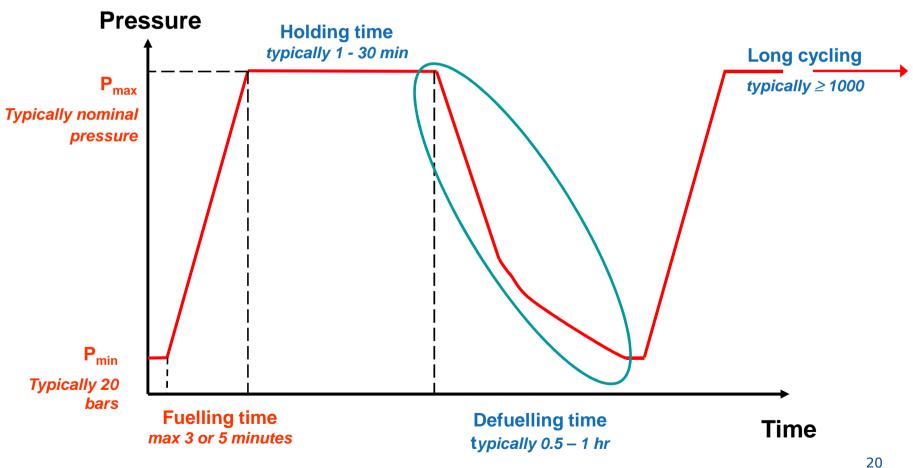
Measurement on tank metallic boss depends on boss material



Defuelling



Typical RCS pneumatic (hydrogen) test parameters

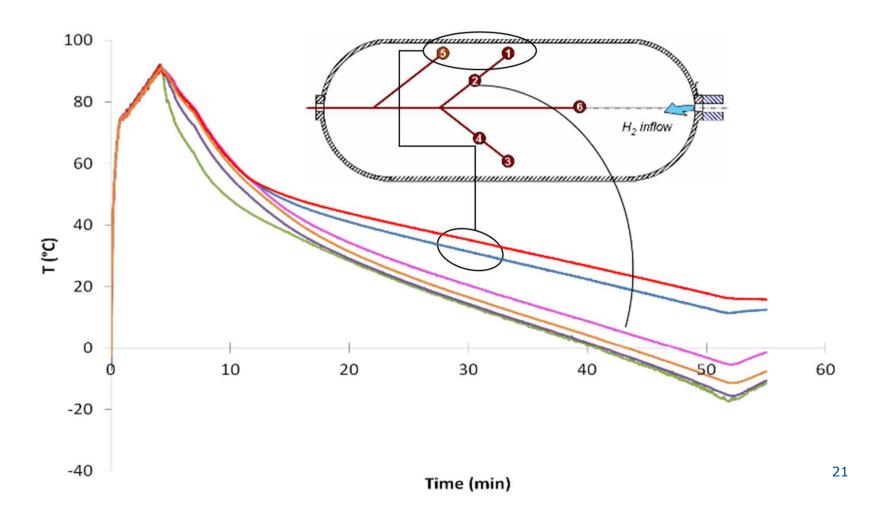




Tank de-fuelling



"stratification" at the end of the emptying phase
Different tank conditions at the time of start of re-fuelling

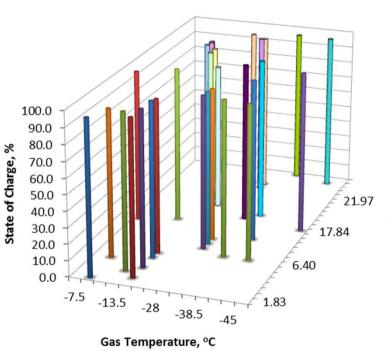


Tests with

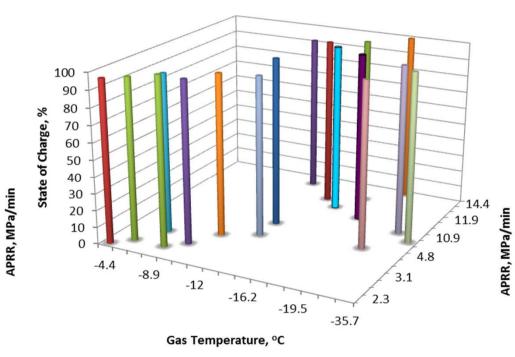


pre-cooling

From material and safety considerations point of view, the maximal temperature in the tank cannot exceed **85°C**, so that pre-cooling of hydrogen is required in many refuelling cases.



Type 4: 33 Fast Filling with H2 pre-cooled at temperatures -45, -30, -15 and -10 °C



Type 3: 26 Fast Filling with H2 pre-cooled at temperatures -35.7, -20, -16, -12, -9 and -4.5 °C

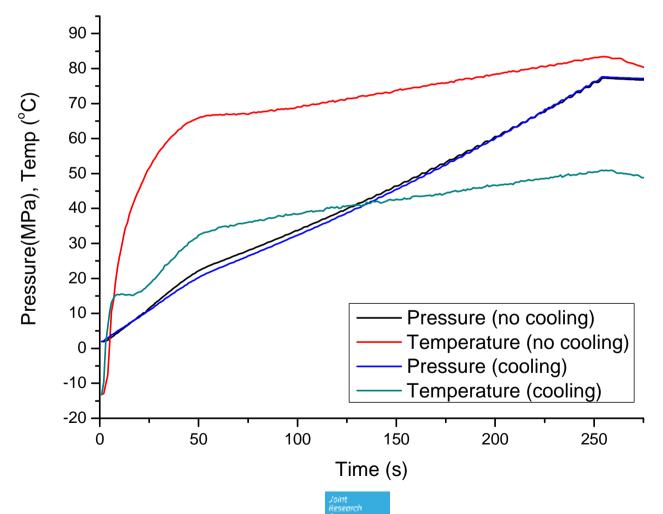


Filling with cold H₂





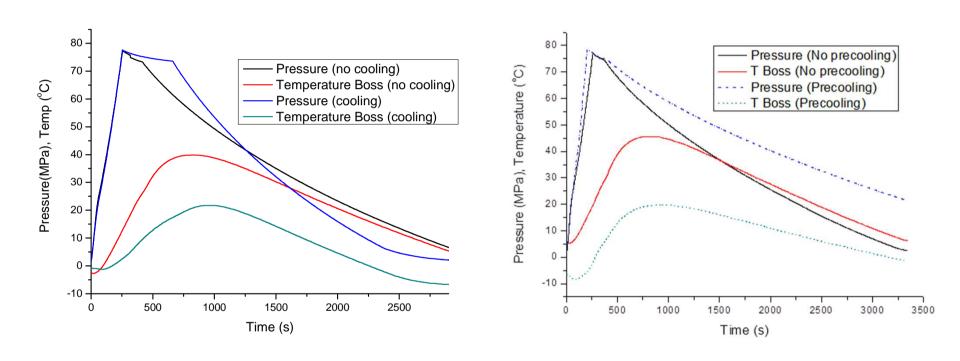
T inlet (no cooling) = 20 °C T inlet (cooling) = -30 °C



Cycles with



pre-cooling



Temperature measured at the front boss



Conclusions



- GasTeF is designed to carry out H₂ cycle test and permeation according to EU regulation 406/2010 and to standards ISO and SAE.
- Results are used to validate and improve safety and performance requirements for H₂ tanks for transport applications. Results to be considered into RCS framework.
- 183 entries for tests conducted on type 3 and 4 commercial tanks. The database contains results of temperature measurement for filling and emptying conditions representative of operation of H₂ tanks.
- GasTeF data available as reference for safety studies and CFD validation.
- JRC is willing to contribute with it experimental data to inter-lab comparisons among other organisations involved in the same type of tests.



References



- 1. Acosta B., Moretto P., Frischauf N., Harskamp F., GASTEF: The JRC-IE Compressed Hydrogen Gas Tanks Testing Facility, Proceedings of the Eighteenth World Hydrogen Energy Conference, 16-21 May 2010, Essen.
- 2. Acosta B., Moretto P., Frischauf N., Harskamp F., Bonato C., Fast Filling and Permeation Experiments at the JRC-IE GasTeF Facility, Proceedings of the Fourth International Conference on Hydrogen Safety, 12-14 September 2011, San Francisco.
- Galassi M.C., et al., Validation of CFD Models for Hydrogen Fast Filling Simulations, Proceedings of the Fourth International Conference on Hydrogen Safety, 12-14 September 2011, San Francisco.
- 4. Galassi M.C. et al., CFD analysis of fast filling scenarios for 70 MPa hydrogen type IV tanks, International Journal of Hydrogen Energy, 37 (2012), 6886–6892.
- 5. Galassi M.C., et al., Assessment of CFD models for hydrogen fast filling simulations, International Journal of Hydrogen Energy, (2013), in press available on-line.
- 6. De Miguel N., et al., Experimental study of the thermal behaviour of hydrogen tanks during hydrogen cycling, submitted to 5th International Conference on Hydrogen Safety, 9-11 September 2013, Brussels.
- 7. Acosta B. et al., JRC Reference data from experiments of on-board hydrogen tank fast filling, submitted to 5th International Conference on Hydrogen Safety, 9-11 September 2013, Brussels.
- 8. Melideo D. et al., Assessment of a CFD model for the simulation of fast filling of hydrogen tanks with pre-cooling, submitted to 5th International Conference on Hydrogen Safety, 9-11 September 2013, Brussels.



